General Overview

The Model 310 is a fourth order Linkwitz-Riley electronic crossover. This unit may be used in two modes of operation:

Stereo 2-Way -or- Mono 3-Way

The 310 crossover splits the frequency of an input signal into two (when used as a 2-Way crossover) or three (when used as a 3-Way crossover) separate signals which may then be sent to amplifiers or other signal processing equipment in a sound system.

Power Connections

The 310 has an internal power supply which is designed to operate from 95 to 130VAC at 50/60Hz or from 190 to 250VAC at 50Hz. Power consumption is 12 watts. Make sure the line voltage switch is set to the proper setting before plugging the unit into a mains socket.

Never operate this piece of equipment with the ground pin removed. If the cord becomes cracked or broken, discontinue use until you can have it replaced.

Installation

The 310 occupies a 1U rack space and is intended for installation in standard 19" equipment racks. Its depth is 8.5" and weight is 4.5lbs (2.5kg.)

- * Caution: The following must be observed to prevent malfunctioning and/or possible equipment damage.
- 1. Before plugging in the 310 into the main AC line, make sure that all of the equipment following the crossover outputs is turned off or all of the inputs are turned down.
- 2. The unit should only be turned on after it has been established that the main AC line is supplying the correct voltage.
- 3. Never change the frequency range switches (from x10 to x1 position or vice versa) with the crossover passing audio signals.

 Transients can result and speaker damage is possible.
- 4. Keep the 310 away from excessive moisture.

Stereo 2-Way and Mono 3-Way Operation

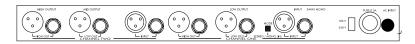
A stereo 2-way sound system is typically set up as follows: Separate high frequency (horn or full range) and low frequency (bass or sub) cabinets are used for each side (left and right) of the sound system. The crossover is used to split each side of the stereo signal into two frequency bands which will feed separate power amplifiers. This arrangement accomplishes two things: it allows the proper frequencies to be routed to the proper speaker cabinets and it allows the amplifier to produce power more efficiently to the speakers it is driving.

A 3-way sound system is typically set up as follows: Separate high frequency (horn), mid frequency (mid or full range) and low frequency (bass or sub) cabinets are used for each side (left and right) of the sound system. The crossover is used to split each side of the stereo signal into three frequency bands which will feed separate power amplifiers. This arrangement accomplishes two things: it allows the proper frequencies to be routed to the proper speaker cabinets and it allows the amplifier to produce power more efficiently to the speakers it is driving.

You will need two 310 crossovers if you're three-way system is stereo.

It is very important that you use caution when selecting the crossover points for any system. Refer to the documentation that came with your speaker cabinets for information on their proper frequency ranges. This is especially important for high frequency horns; damage may occur from sending lower frequencies than specified into the drivers!

Rear Panel



Input and Output Connections

The XLR input and output connections are balanced and follow the AES standard for wiring: Pin 1 = Ground, Pin 2 = Hot (+), Pin 3 = Cold (-). The input and output 1/4" connectors are unbalanced. The 1/4" connections are: Tip = Hot (+) and Ring = Cold (-).

The input and output jacks are labeled for stereo 2-way and mono 3-way use. For stereo two-way usage, follow the connections labeled one (1) and two (2). Example: Input 1, Low 1, High 1. For mono three-way usage, follow the connections labeled Input, Low, Mid, High.

Note: the High 1 and the Input 2 jacks are not used when configured for three-way.

Front Panel



Power Switch

The power switch applies and removes power to the 310. <u>Make sure all</u> equipment after the 310 is either off or the volumes are turned all the way down before turning on or off the 310.

Clip Indicators

Separate High and Low clip indicators are provided for each frequency band in the 310. These indicators will light at approximately 3dB before clipping occurs in any stage of the 310. If these indicators light, you are overloading the 310. Either turn down the input controls on the 310 or turn down the output level of the piece of equipment in front of the 310 (i.e. mixer, equalizer or other piece of processing equipment.).

Input Level

An Input Level control is provided on each channel of the 310. If you are using the 310 as a mono 3-way crossover, the Input control on the far left is the only one used. The input level control should be set at its "0" marking in most cases. Adding or reducing gain should only be done to make up for deficiencies in another part of the system.

Mute Switches

Mute switches are provided for each output on the 310. These are intended for use when setting up your system and testing either the crossover frequency point or the separate cabinets (and amplifiers) they are feeding. These switches allow you to isolate a specific frequency output on a specific channel for fine-tuning or trouble-shooting. It is not recommended that you mute or activate any frequency band during normal usage. Levels should be turned down while the mute switches are either activated or de-activated.

High and Low Output Levels

Each channel of the 310 has a High and Low Output Level control. These controls are used to set the output levels to the next piece of equipment connected to the 310. (In most cases this would be power amplifiers.) There is no gain associated with these controls - only attenuation. In most cases you will use the 310 with the output controls set fully clockwise (at their "0" setting.) If you find that you are overdriving the inputs of your

amplifiers, you can turn down the output levels feeding the amplifier. Additionally, you can use the output level controls to balance the level between the highs and lows in your system.

Range Switch

The Range switch is used to set the frequency range of the Frequency control. In its "out" (x1) position the frequency range is variable from 80Hz - 920Hz, as is printed on the panel. In its "in" (x10) position the frequency range is variable from 800Hz - 9200 kHz.

When used as a 2-way crossover, the Range switch will probably be used in its "out" position.

When used as a 3-way crossover the Range switch for Channel One (now the low/mid crossover point) will probably be used in its "out" position while the Range switch for Channel Two (now the mid/high crossover point) will probably be used in its "in" position.

Never change the frequency range switches (from x10 to x1 position - or vice versa) with the crossover passing audio signals. Transients can result and speaker damage is possible.

Frequency Control

Each channel of the 310 has a Frequency control which sets the crossover point for the high and low frequencies. All frequencies below the set frequency will be sent to the Low output and all frequencies above the set frequency will be sent to the High output.

When used as a 3-way crossover the Frequency control for Channel One is used to set the low/mid frequency point. The Frequency control for Channel Two is used to set the mid/high frequency point.

Operating Instructions

The 310 crossover's intended use is to split the frequency of the input signal into two (when used as a 2-Way crossover) or three (when used as a 3-Way crossover) separate signals which are then sent to amplifiers in a sound system.

When used as a 3-way crossover you must follow the labeling for 3-way operation of the controls.

3-way front-panel controls (reading from left to right):

Channel One controls-

Input Level - The mono input level control

Low Mute - Low output mute

Low Output Level Control - The low output level control

Frequency Range Switch and Control - low/mid crossover point

High Mute - not used

High Output Level Control - not used

Channel Two controls-

Input Level - not used

Low Mute - Mid output mute

Low Output Level Control - The mid output level control

Frequency Range Switch and Control - mid/high crossover point

High Mute - High output mute

High Output Level Control - High output level control

Signal Flow

The following is just a guideline. In most situations, the crossover is the last piece of equipment in the signal chain before the power amplifiers. Signal flow is as follows: From the output of the mixer to an equalizer (Sometimes, for system protection, a limiter is placed between the mixer outputs and the equalizer, or <u>after</u> the equalizer.) From the equalizer to the crossover. From the crossover to the power amplifiers. From the power amplifiers to the speaker cabinets.

Here are some tips to help you with your initial setup.

2-way set up:

- 1. Set all the levels controls to their full counter-clockwise position (off.)
- 2. Connect the outputs of your mixer (or equalizer) to the inputs of the 310. If stereo, Channel One is Left.
- 3. Connect the Low output of Channel One to the power amplifier powering the low frequency cabinets (left).
- 4. Connect the High output of Channel One to the power amplifier powering the high frequency cabinets (left).
- 5. Repeat for the right side of the system (Channel Two).
- 6. Set the crossover frequency for both channels (they should be the same if your PA cabinets are the same).
- 7. With the power amplifier volume controls turned all the way down, turn on all equipment in the system.
- 8. With a program source running through the system, turn up the power amplifier volume controls and slowly turn up the crossover's Input controls. Check for clipping.
- 9. Turn up each of the crossover's output level controls while checking

each individual output for sound and performance.

3-way set up:

- 1. Set all the levels controls to their full counter-clockwise position (off.)
- 2. Connect the output of your mixer (or equalizer) to the Channel One (mono input in mono 3-way mode) input of the 310.
- 3. Connect the Low output of Channel One (Low) to the power amplifier powering the low frequency cabinet.
- 4. Connect the Low output of Channel Two (Mid) to the power amplifier powering the mid frequency cabinet.
- 5. Connect the High output of Channel Two (High) to the power amplifier powering the mid frequency cabinet.
- Set the low/mid crossover frequency with the Low/Mid Frequency Control.
- Set the mid/high crossover frequency with the Mid/High Frequency Control.
- 8. With the power amplifier volume controls turned all the way down, turn on all equipment in the system.
- With a program source running through the system, turn up the power amplifier volume controls and slowly turn up the crossover's Input control. Check for clipping.
- 10. Turn up each of the crossover's output level controls while checking each individual output for sound and performance.

Specifications:

Crossover Frequency Ranges: 80Hz to 920Hz (x1)

800Hz to 9200kHz (x10)

Filter Type: Fourth-order Linkwitz-Riley

Input connections: Balanced XLR and unbalanced 1/4"

XLR pin 2, 1/4" tip = Hot (+)

Impedance: 20k Ohms Max. Input level: +13dB

Output connections: Balanced XLR and unbalanced 1/4"

XLR pin 2/1/4" tip = Hot (+)

Impedance: 150 Ohms

Max. Output level: +21dBu @ <0.05% THD 20-20kHz

Maximum Gain: +4dB

Frequency Response: 10Hz to 20kHz, +0/-1.5 dB THD + Noise: <0.05% (20Hz to 20kHz) Hum and Noise: <-95dB (20Hz to 20kHz)

Av=0dB, fc=800Hz

Signal to Noise Ratio: 118dB

Power: 95-130VAC, 50/60Hz, 3 VA

190-250VAC, 50Hz, 3 VA

Size: 1.75"H x 19" W x 8.5" D

Weight: 4.5lbs. (2.5kg)

Warranty and Service Information Limited Warranty

Warranty service for this unit will be provided by Applied Research and Technology, Inc. in accordance with the following warranty statement.

Applied Research and Technology, Inc. (A R T) warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in workmanship and materials for a period of <u>one year</u> from the date of purchase. A R T will, without charge, repair or replace, at its option, defective product or component parts upon prepaid delivery to the factory service department or authorized service center, accompanied by proof of purchase date in the form of a valid sales receipt.

EXCLUSIONS: This warranty does not apply in the event of misuse or abuse of the product or as a result of unauthorized alterations or repairs. This warranty is void if the serial number is altered, defaced or removed.

A R T reserves the right to make changes in design and make additions or improvements upon this product without any obligation to install the same on products previously manufactured.

A R T should not be liable for any consequential damages, including without limitation damages resulting from the loss of use. Some states do not allow limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

For units purchased outside the United States, service will be provided by an authorized distributor of A R T products.

Service

The following information is provided in the unlikely event that your unit requires service. Use this procedure to return units in the United States only. For service outside the United States, please contact your authorized

ART distributor.

1) Be sure the unit is the cause of the problem. Check to make sure the unit has power supplied, all cables are connected correctly, and the

cables themselves are in working condition.

- **2)** If you find the unit to be at fault, write down a description of the problem, including how and when the problem occurs.
- 3) Call the factory for a Return Authorization (RA) number.
- **4)** Pack the unit in its original carton or reasonable substitute. The packing box is not recommended for a shipping carton. Put the packaged unit in another box for shipping. Print the RA number clearly under the address.
- **5)** Include with your unit: a return shipping address (we cannot ship to a P.O. Box), a copy of your purchase receipt, a daytime phone number and the description of the problem.
- 6) Ship the unit to:

Applied Research and Technology, Inc. 215 Tremont Street
Rochester, NY 14608
Atten: Repair Department
R.A.#

7) Contact our Customer Service department at 716/436-2720 for your Return Authorization number or questions regarding your repair. Customer Service hours are Monday through Friday 8:30AM to 4:30PM Eastern time.



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Model #310

Precision Stereo 2-Way/Mono 3-Way Crossover Network

User's Guide