

# **Model 45DR**

## **INTERCOM INTERFACE**

### **User Guide**

Issue 1, September 2014

This User Guide is applicable for serial numbers  
M45DR-00151 and later

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# Introduction

The Model 45DR Dante™ to 2-Channel Party-Line Intercom Interface is designed for applications that utilize 2-channel analog party-line (PL) intercom technology. This type of intercom is commonly used in broadcast, corporate, and commercial applications where a simple, reliable, easy to use solution is desired. The RTS® TW-Series of 2-channel intercom equipment is directly compatible with the Model 45DR. The Dante Audio-over-Ethernet media networking technology is used to transport the two send and two receive audio channels associated with the party-line circuit. Two hybrid circuits with automatic nulling provide excellent audio quality and high return-loss. (These hybrid circuits are sometimes referred to as 2-wire to 4-wire converters.) The Model 45DR is compatible with the latest broadcast and audio

equipment that uses Dante technology. An Ethernet connection is all that's required to make the Model 45DR part of a sophisticated, networked audio system.

A Model 45DR can interconnect with devices such as matrix intercom systems, DSP processors, and audio consoles. The Model 45DR is directly compatible with the RTS ADAM® OMNEO® matrix intercom network. Alternately, two Model 45DR units can interconnect by way of the associated Ethernet network. The Model 45DR can be powered by Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) or an external source of 12 volts DC. A party-line power source and impedance termination networks can be supplied by the Model 45DR, allowing connection of user belt packs such as the popular RTS BP325. A Model 45DR can also connect with an existing powered and terminated intercom circuit. Audio level meters provide confirmation of system performance

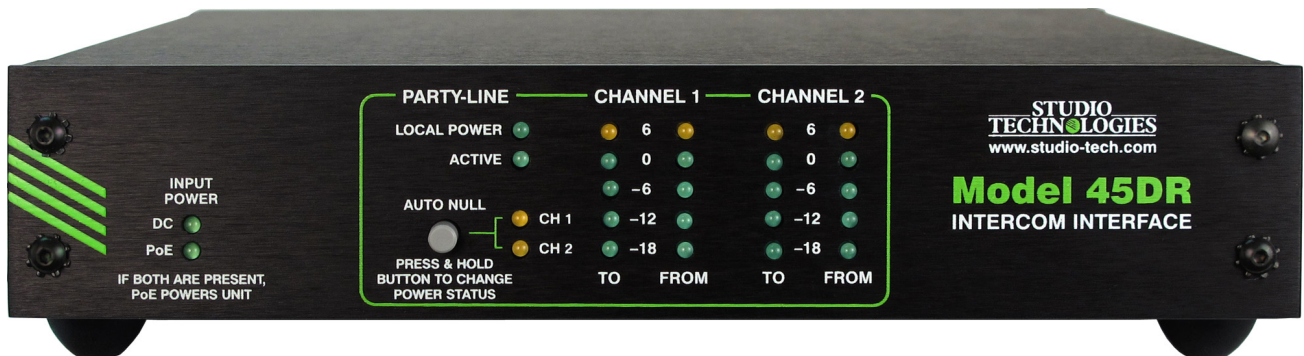


Figure 1. Model 45DR standard “throw-down” front view



Figure 2. Model 45DR back view

during setup and operation. Standard connectors are used for party-line intercom, Ethernet, and DC power interconnections. The Model 45DR's enclosure has a "1/2-rack" 1U form factor and weighs less than two pounds, making it well suited for use in portable applications. Alternately, using one of the optional rack-mount front panels, one or two Model 45DR units can be mounted in a single space (1U) of a standard 19-inch rack enclosure.

## Applications

There are two main ways that the Model 45DR can be used in applications: adding party-line intercom support for matrix intercom systems and linking two stand-alone party-line intercom circuits. Ports on matrix intercom systems that support Dante, such as the RTS ADAM with OMNEO, can be routed to the Model 45DR's Dante input (receiver) and output (transmitter) channels. The Model 45DR's circuitry will then convert these signals into a 2-channel party-line intercom circuit. In this way adding party-line support to RTS + OMNEO is a simple task. The Model 45DR can also be used with matrix intercom systems that don't support Dante. An external analog-to-Dante interface can be used to convert analog intercom ports to Dante channels. Once in the digital domain, these Dante channels can be interconnected with the Model 45DR's audio input and output channels.

Two separate party-line intercom circuits can easily be interconnected using two Model 45DR Interfaces. A Model 45DR is connected to each party-line circuit as well as the Dante network. The Dante Controller software application will then be used to route the audio channels between the two

units. That's it — nothing else is required to achieve excellent performance.

The Model 45DR can also be used to "bridge" a 2-channel party-line intercom circuit with one or two single-channel party-line intercom circuits. This involves using a Model 45DR with the 2-channel circuit and one or two of the Studio Technologies Model 45DC Intercom Interface units with the single-channel circuits. The Model 45DC is the "cousin" of the Model 45DR and supports two single-channel party-line intercom circuits rather than one 2-channel circuit. These single-channel circuits, typically supported by equipment from Clear-Com®, are commonly used in theatrical and entertainment applications.

## Party-Line Interface

The Model 45DR's party-line intercom interface is optimized for connection with 2-channel party-line intercom circuits and user devices such as the TW-Series from RTS. In addition, other industry-standard single- and 2-channel party-line intercom circuits and user devices, including those from Clear-Com®, are compatible. (While the Model 45DR will function in a limited manner with single-channel Clear-Com circuits, the Model 45DC Intercom Interface is the much-preferred choice for that.) A party-line active detection function ensures that should a user beltpack or active party-line circuit not be connected the Model 45DR's interface circuitry will remain stable. This unique feature makes certain that objectionable audio signals, including oscillations and "squeals," won't be sent to other Dante-enabled devices.

A significant capability of the Model 45DR's party-line interface is its ability to supply DC power and 200 ohm AC

terminations to “create” an intercom circuit. The 29 volt output can power a moderate number of devices such as beltpacks. With up to 240 milliamperes (mA) of current available, a typical broadcast application which uses two or three BP325 beltpacks can be supported. In many applications this can eliminate the need for an external intercom power supply, reducing total system cost, weight, and required mounting space. The power supply output is monitored for over-current and short-circuit conditions. Under software control the output will automatically cycle off and on to help prevent damage to the circuitry and connected equipment.

## **Dante Audio-over-Ethernet**

Audio data is sent to and from the Model 45DR using the Dante Audio-over-Ethernet media networking technology. Audio signals with a sample rate of 48 kHz and a bit depth of up to 24 are supported. Audio input (receiver) and output (transmitter) channels on associated Dante-enabled devices can be assigned to the Model 45DR using the Dante Controller application. This makes it simple to select the way in which a Model 45DR fits into a specific application.

## **Analog Hybrids with Auto Nulling**

Circuits referred to as “hybrids” interface the Dante input and output channels with the two party-line channels. The hybrids provide low noise and distortion, good frequency response, and high return-loss (“nulling”), even when presented with a wide range of party-line conditions. Unlike telephone-line (“POTS”) oriented DSP-based hybrid circuits, the Model 45DR’s

analog circuitry maintains extended frequency response. With a passband of 100 Hz on the low end and 8 kHz on the high end, natural-sounding voice signals can be sent to and received from a party-line circuit.

The Model 45DR’s sophisticated hybrid auto nulling function uses a combination of digital and analog circuitry under micro-processor control to achieve significant trans-hybrid loss. This return-loss “null” is achieved by making a series of software-directed adjustments to account for the resistive, inductive, and capacitive conditions that are present on the connected party-line cabling and user devices. Whenever the Model 45DR’s auto null button is pressed, digital circuitry adjusts the hybrids to achieve their maximum return-loss in less than 15 seconds. While the nulling process is automatic, it only takes place upon user request. The resulting null parameters are stored in non-volatile memory.

## **Pro Audio Quality**

The Model 45DR’s audio circuitry was designed in the spirit of professional audio equipment rather than that found in typical party-line intercom gear. High-performance components are used throughout, providing low-distortion, low-noise, and high headroom. Using active filters the frequency response of the audio channels is limited to nominally 100 Hz to 8 kHz. This range was selected to provide excellent performance for human speech while maximizing the ability of the hybrid circuits to create substantial “nulls.” Moreover, the Model 45DR’s party-line intercom power source offers a unique level of performance; its ability to deliver power while maintaining audio quality is simply unmatched.



## Audio Meters

The Model 45DR contains two sets of 5-segment LED level meters. Each set of two meters displays the level of the signals being sent to and received from a party-line interface channel. At the time of installation and setup the meters are invaluable in helping to confirm correct operation. During normal operation the meters offer rapid confirmation of audio signals flowing in to and out of the unit. Additional LED indicators are also provided on the front panel, offering a status indication of the party-line DC power source, party-line activity status, and the auto null functions. Two other LEDs offer a direct indication of what source is powering the Model 45DR.

## Ethernet Data, PoE, and DC Power Source

The Model 45DR connects to a data network using a standard 100 Mb/s twisted-pair Ethernet interface. The physical interconnection is made by way of a Neutrik® etherCON RJ45 connector. While compatible with standard RJ45 plugs, etherCON allows a ruggedized and locking interconnection for harsh or high-reliability environments. The Model 45DR's operating power can be provided by way of the Ethernet interface using the Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) standard. This allows fast and efficient interconnection with the associated data network. To support PoE power management, the Model 45DR's PoE interface reports to the power sourcing equipment (PSE) that it is a class 3 (medium power) device. The unit can also be powered using an external source of 12 volts DC.

For redundancy, both power sources can be connected simultaneously. An internal switch-mode power supply ensures that all

Model 45DR features, including party-line intercom circuit power, are available when the unit is powered by either source. Four LEDs on the back panel display the status of the network connection, Dante interface, and PoE power source.

## Simple Installation

The Model 45DR uses standard connectors to allow fast and convenient interconnections. An Ethernet signal is connected using a Neutrik etherCON RJ45. If Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) is available operation will commence immediately. An external 12 volt DC power source can also be connected by way of a 4-pin XLR. Party-line intercom connections are made using 3-pin male and female XLR connectors. The Model 45DR is housed in a rugged yet lightweight aluminum enclosure that is designed to be "field tough." It can be used as a standalone portable unit, supporting what's known in the broadcast world as "throw-down" applications. Rack-mount options are also available allowing one or two units to be mounted in one space (1U) of a standard 19-inch rack enclosure.

## Future Capabilities and Firmware Updating

The Model 45DR was designed so that its capabilities can be enhanced in the future. The primary additions will be in the area of Dante remote control transport functionality. Should an industry-standard be established it's expected that remote control and status transport of the auto null, call light, and microphone mute functions will be available. (The Model 45DR's circuitry includes provisions for detecting and generating RTS TW "call light" and "mic



kill” signals.) A USB connector, located on the Model 45DR’s back panel, allows the operating firmware (embedded software) to be updated using a USB flash drive. To implement the Dante interface the Model 45DR uses Audinate’s Ultimo™ integrated circuit. The firmware in this integrated circuit can be updated via the Ethernet connection, helping to ensure that its capabilities remain up to date.

## Installation

In this section signal interconnections will be made using the connectors located on the back panel of the Model 45DR. Connections to one or more party-line user devices or an existing party-line intercom circuit will be made using one of the 3-pin XLR connectors. An Ethernet data connection will be made using either a standard RJ45 patch cable or an etherCON protected RJ45 plug. A 4-pin XLR connector allows the connection of an external source of 12 volts DC.

## System Components

Included in the shipping carton are the Model 45DR Intercom Interface and a user guide. If a rack-mount front panel is going to be used as part of the installation it will typically be shipped in a separate carton. If the installation or specific application requires an external source of 12 volts DC it needs to be provided separately. An applicable power supply, the Studio Technologies PS-DC-02, is available as an option.

## Locating the Model 45DR

The location of the Model 45DR will depend on the length of the cable runs needed to link the unit with the associated

party-line intercom devices. This type of circuit carries unbalanced audio which can be susceptible to interference and cross-talk issues. And since party-line intercom circuits typically carry DC power a voltage drop due to resistive loss can become an issue. In general, minimizing the length of the party-line intercom cables will help ensure more reliable and consistent intercom system performance. Of equal importance is the 100-meter (325-foot) Ethernet cable limitation. A final location criterion is to ensure that access to the Model 45DR’s front panel is available. An optimal location will allow convenient use of the auto null pushbutton and easy observation of the status and level meters LEDs.

## Protecting the Enclosure

The Model 45DR is shipped as a self-contained unit suitable for portable use or placement in a semi-permanent location. Installed on the bottom of the chassis are screw-on “bump on” protectors (also known as “rubber feet”). These are useful if the unit is going to be placed on surfaces where scratching of either the Model 45DR or the surface material could take place. The “feet” can be removed, without the use of a tool, when rack- or custom-mounting the unit.

## Rack Mounting the Model 45DR

For permanent or mobile applications it might be desirable to mount one or two Model 45DR units into one space (1U) of a 19-inch rack enclosure. Two rack-mount front panels, purchased separately, are available from Studio Technologies. The following provides details on how to install and use the panels.

To attach a Model 45DR unit to the single-unit rack-mount panel, begin the process by using a 5/64-inch hex wrench to remove the four 4-40 thread hex-head machine screws that hold the standard front panel to the chassis. Note that the screws might be quite tightly affixed. Ensure that a good-quality hex wrench is used and press and hold it firmly while turning counterclockwise. Unless this recommendation is followed the wrench can “cam out” and the head could be “stripped.”

Using the screws that were just removed, attach the rack-adaptor front panel to the Model 45DR’s chassis. To prevent damage care is required when aligning the front panel with the LEDs and auto null push-button switch that protrude through both the Model 45DR’s chassis and front panel. Tighten the four screws only after a careful inspection ensures that the switch and all 26 of the LEDs protrude through the front panel without interference. To allow vertical clearance in the associated rack, remove the four “bump on” protectors from the bottom of the chassis. They are removed by using the fingers to rotate them counter-clockwise; no tool is required. Carefully protect and store the standard front panel, along with the “bump on” protectors, for possible later use.

Mounting a Model 45DR to a dual-unit rack-mount panel follows the same procedure but will apply to two units. Store both of the removed standard front panels and the eight “bump on” protectors for possible later use. Note that on the rack-panels graphics the unit on the left is designated as A while the unit on the right is designated as B. This is provided so that each can be easily identified during installation, troubleshooting, and operation.

Once the desired one or two Model 45DR units have been installed in a rack-mount front panel, the assembly can be mounted into the designated equipment rack. One space (“1U” or 1.75 vertical inches) in a standard 19-inch equipment rack is required. Secure the front panel into the equipment rack using two mounting screws per side.

## Ethernet Connection

An Ethernet connection that supports 100BASE-TX (100 Mb/s over twisted-pair) is required for the Model 45DR’s Dante Audio-over-Ethernet connectivity. A 10BASE-T connection is not sufficient for Model 45DR operation. A 1000BASE-T (“GigE”) connection is not supported unless it can automatically “fall back” to 100BASE-TX operation. An Ethernet connection that supports Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) is preferred as it will provide operating power for the Model 45DR. To support PoE switch (PSE) power management the Model 45DR will enumerate itself as a PoE class 3 device. If PoE is not available an external 12 volt DC power source can be connected. This will be discussed later in this section of the guide.

The 100BASE-TX Ethernet connection is made by way of a Neutrik etherCON protected RJ45 connector that is located on the back panel of the Model 45DR. This allows connection by way of a cable-mounted etherCON plug or a standard RJ45 plug. The Model 45DR’s Ethernet interface supports auto MDI/MDI-X so that most cabling implementations will be correctly supported.

## External 12 Volt DC Input

An external source of 12 volts DC can be connected to the Model 45DR by way of a 4-pin male XLR connector which is located

on the back panel. While the requirement for the external source is to be nominally 12 volts, correct operation will take place over a 10 to 18 volt range. The Model 45DR requires 1.0 amperes maximum for correct operation. The DC source should be terminated to a 4-pin female XLR connector with pin 1 negative (–) and pin 4 positive (+). Purchased as an option, the PS-DC-02 power supply is available from Studio Technologies. Its AC mains input allows connection to 100-240 volts, 50/60 Hz and its 12 volt DC, 1.5 amperes maximum output is terminated on a 4-pin female connector.

As previously discussed in this guide, an Ethernet connection that provides Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) can serve as the Model 45DR's power source. Alternately, an external 12 volt DC source can be connected. For redundancy, both PoE and the external 12 volt DC source can be connected at the same time. If both PoE and an external 12 volt DC source are connected, power will be drawn only from the PoE supply. If the PoE source becomes inoperative the 12 volt DC source will provide the Model 45DR's power with no interruption in operation. (Of course, if both PoE and Ethernet data support are lost that is a very different situation!)

## **Party-Line Intercom Connections**

The Model 45DR's party-line intercom interface is designed to function in two distinct ways. It can be connected to a "powered" broadcast-standard 2-channel party-line intercom circuit or directly to party-line intercom user devices. A 2-channel party-line intercom circuit, such as associated with TW-Series equipment

from RTS, has DC power and two audio channels on a 3-pin XLR connector. Associated connectors are wired such that common is on pin 1 and 28 to 32 volts DC is on pin 2. Channel 1 audio is superimposed on the DC present on pin 2 while channel 2 audio is present on pin 3. Two impedance-generating networks provide a 200 ohm audio load from pin 2 to pin 1 and from pin 3 to pin 1. When the Model 45DR's party-line interface is connected to an existing intercom circuit it acts, from an audio standpoint, as a standard user device. It doesn't draw (nor supply) any DC power.

The Model 45DR's party-line interface can also serve to create a "mini" 2-channel intercom circuit. It provides a 29 volt DC intercom power source and two 200 ohm impedance generators, allowing a limited number of 2-channel intercom user devices to be directly connected. The Model 45DR's internal 29 volt DC power source has a maximum current of 240 mA. This moderate amount of power can be very useful but does require that the type and number of connected user devices be selected appropriately. Many broadcast applications use the popular RTS BP325 user belt packs and the Model 45DR Intercom Interface can directly support up to three of them. Wiring from the Model 45DR intercom interface to the BP325 devices requires that a 1-to-1, 2-to-2, 3-to-3 wiring scheme on the 3-pin XLR connectors be maintained.

For convenience, the party-line intercom circuit or user devices can be connected to the Model 45DR by way of a male or female 3-pin XLR connector located on the back panel. The two connectors are wired in parallel ("multed") and provide access to the identical signals.

## Compatibility with Single-Channel Intercom Systems

As previously discussed in this guide, the Model 45DR is designed to support 2-channel party-line intercom circuits and user devices. Applications that involve single-channel party-line intercom circuits and user devices (typically associated with products from Clear-Com) can also be supported. These circuits and devices typically utilize common on pin 1, power on pin 2, and audio on pin 3. When connected to a Model 45DR only channel 2 will be active; channel 1 would not be utilized. A better means to support these single-channel circuits and devices is to use the Studio Technologies Model 45DC Intercom Interface. This unit, the “cousin” of the Model 45DR, is optimized for single-channel party-line intercom applications. Rather than providing a 2-channel interface the Model 45DC provides two single-channel interfaces. Detailed information about the Model 45DC is available on the Studio Technologies, Inc. website ([www.studio-tech.com](http://www.studio-tech.com)).

# Configuration

## Hardware Configuration

A 4-position DIP switch assembly, labeled Configuration, is located on the Model 45DR’s back panel. The initial release of the Model 45DR’s firmware (embedded software) does not utilize any of these switches. So unless something changes in future firmware versions setting these switches to either the off (down) or on (up) positions has no impact.

## Dante Configuration

To integrate the Model 45DR into an application a number of Dante-related parameters can be configured. At a minimum, the audio input (receiver) and audio output (transmitter) channels must be routed. The configuration settings will be stored in non-volatile memory within the Model 45DR’s circuitry. The Model 45DR uses the Ultimo 2-input/2-output integrated circuit to implement the Dante architecture. This dictates which parameters can be configured and what choices are available.

The audio input (receiver) and output (transmitter) channels associated with the Model 45DR’s Dante interface must be assigned to desired sources and destinations. This will typically be done with the Dante Controller software application which is available for download free of charge at [www.audinate.com](http://www.audinate.com). Versions are available to support Windows® and OS X® operating systems. Within Dante Controller a “subscription” is the term used for routing a transmitter flow (a group of output channels) to a receiver flow (a group of input channels). Note that as of the writing of this guide the Ultimo integrated circuit limits the number of Dante flows to two in each direction (two transmitter and two receiver). These can either be unicast, multicast, or a combination of the two.

The Model 45DR has a default Dante device name of **ST-M45DR** followed by a unique suffix. The suffix identifies the specific Model 45DR that is being configured; it relates to the MAC address of the unit’s Ultimo integrated circuit. The Model 45DR provides two Dante output (transmitter) channels with the default names of **From PL Ch1** and **From PL Ch2**. The

Model 45DR has two Dante input (receiver) channels with default names of **To PL Ch1** and **To PL Ch2**. Using Dante Controller these names can be revised as appropriate for the specific application.

The Model 45DR only supports an audio sample rate of 48 kHz but does have the ability to select a pull-up/pull-down value. This value can be selected using the Dante Controller application. The Model 45DR can serve as the clock master for a Dante network but in most cases that would not be optimal.

Model 45DR units will typically be used in either of two configurations: “point-to-point” or in association with other Dante-enabled equipment. The first configuration finds two units working together to “link” two physical locations. At each location there will either be an existing party-line intercom circuit or a set of user devices. The two Model 45DR units will be operating “point-to-point,” interconnected by way of the associated Ethernet network. For this application the audio routing would be very simple. **To PL Ch1** on each unit would be routed to **From PL Ch1** on the other unit. And **To PL Ch2** on each unit would be routed to **From PL Ch2** on the other unit.

The other typical applications will have one Model 45DR connected to an existing party-line intercom circuit or supporting a set of user devices. The unit’s audio channels would be routed to input and output audio channels on associated Dante-enabled equipment. For example, the RTS ADAM matrix intercom system provides Dante interconnection capability using its OMNEO interface card. The audio channels on the Model 45DR would be routed to and from audio channels on

the OMNEO card. Other equipment that supports Dante, such as audio consoles or audio interfaces (Dante-to-MADI, Dante-to-SDI, etc.), can have their audio channels routed to and from a Model 45DR.

## Operation

At this point the Model 45DR should have its party-line and Ethernet connections made. Depending on the application an external 12 volt DC power connection may have also been made. The Dante input (receiver) and output (transmitter) channels should have been routed using the Dante Controller software application. Normal operation of the Model 45DR can now begin.

### Initial Operation

The Model 45DR will begin its initial functioning a few seconds after its power source is connected. As previously discussed, the power source can be provided by Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) or an external source of 12 volts DC. If both are connected the PoE source will power the unit. Should PoE subsequently no longer be available, operation will continue using the external source.

Upon Model 45DR power up many of the status and meter LEDs will activate in test sequences. The PoE and USB LEDs, located on the back panel, will light one after another. On the front panel the input power, channel status, and level meter LEDs will light in a sequence. Once the test sequences have completed two columns of front-panel level meter LEDs will momentarily display the version number of the unit’s firmware (embedded software.) Details on how to “read” the version



number is provided in the Technical Notes section of this guide.

The Model 45DR will now begin normal operation. The way in which the LINK/ACT, SYS, SYNC, and PoE LEDs (all located on the back panel below the Ethernet connector) light will depend on characteristics related to the connected Ethernet signal and the configuration of the unit's Dante interface. Details will be covered in the next paragraph. The user is presented on the front panel with one pushbutton switch, two input power status LEDs, four channel status LEDs, and four 5-segment LED level meters. These resources are simple to operate and understand, as will be described in later paragraphs.

## **Ethernet, PoE, and Dante Status LEDs**

Four status LEDs are located below the Ethernet connector on the Model 45DR's back panel. The LINK/ACT LED will light green whenever an active connection to a 100 Mb/s Ethernet network has been established. It will flash on and off in response to data packet activity. The PoE LED will light green whenever Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) associated with the connected Ethernet signal is providing operating power for the Model 45DR. The SYS and SYNC LEDs display the operating status of the Dante interface and associated network. The SYS LED will light red upon Model 45DR power up to indicate that the Dante interface is not ready. After a short interval it will light green to indicate that it is ready to pass data with another Dante device. The SYNC LED will light red when the Model 45DR is not synchronized with a Dante network. It will light solid green when the Model 45DR is synchronized with a Dante network and

an external clock source (timing reference) is being received. It will slowly light on and off green when the Model 45DR is part of a Dante network and is serving as a clock master.

## **How to Identify a Specific Model 45DR**

The Dante Controller software application offers an identify command that can be used to help locate a specific Model 45DR. When identify is selected for a specific unit the SYS and SYNC LEDs on that unit will together light slowly on and off green. This makes it a simple task to observe the selected Model 45DR unit.

## **Level Meters**

The Model 45DR contains four 5-segment LED level meters. These meters are provided as a support aid during installation, configuration, operation, and troubleshooting. The meters represent the strength of the audio signals going to and coming from the two party-line intercom channels.

### **General**

The meters are organized into two groups with each group representing one channel of audio being sent to the party-line circuit and one channel of audio coming from the party-line circuit. The meters are calibrated to reflect the level in dB relative to the reference (nominal) level of the party-line circuit. In the case of the Model 45DR the nominal level of the party-line was selected to be -10 dBu since that matches that of typical 2-channel party-line circuits.

As an example of how the meters function let's review the situation where the channel 1 TO meter has its bottom three LEDs (-18, -12, and -6) lit solid and its 0 LED

just barely lighting. This would indicate that a signal with an approximate level of  $-10$  dBu is being sent to channel 1 of the party-line intercom circuit. (Also note that this  $-10$  dBu signal on the party-line intercom circuit will translate to a  $-20$  dBFS digital audio signal on the Dante interface. This is due to Studio Technologies selecting  $-20$  dBFS as the reference (nominal) level for Dante.)

Each level meter contains four green LEDs and one yellow LED. The four green LEDs indicate party-line circuit signal levels at or below  $-10$  dBu. The top LED is yellow and indicates a signal that is 6 dB or greater than the  $-10$  dBu nominal level. An audio signal that causes the yellow LED to light doesn't necessarily indicate an excessive level condition, but it does provide a warning that at some stage reducing the signal level may be prudent. Typical operation with normal signal levels should find the meters lighting near their 0 point. Signal peaks may cause the yellow LEDs to flash. But a yellow LED that lights fully during normal operation will typically indicate excessive signal level and/or a configuration problem with associated Dante-enabled equipment.

### **Non-Optimal Signal Levels**

If the meters consistently display levels that are lower or higher than the 0 (reference) point it's possible that a configuration issue exists. This would typically be related to incorrect settings on the equipment connected to the associated Dante input and output channels. (This situation is almost impossible to occur if two Model 45DR units were configured "point-to-point" as no Dante digital audio level adjustment is provided.) With a digital matrix intercom system this problem

could be due to an incorrect configuration having been made to a specific channel or port. For example, the RTS ADAM system has a published nominal level of  $+8$  dBu, but it's not clear how this translates into a digital audio level on an associated Dante channel. Using its configuration software it's most likely possible to set the nominal level of intercom key panels or ports to something different than  $+8$  dBu. The best solution in this case would be to adjust the associated OMNEO (Dante-compatible) port such that it results in a nominal level of  $-20$  dBFS on the associated Dante channels. This should lead to the best performance of the Model 45DR and associated party-line user devices.

### **Audio Levels and Party-Line Termination**

The FROM meters display the level of signals that come from the party-line circuit. These signals are then sent as digital audio to the associated Dante output channels. An issue may arise if the signals coming from the connected party-line circuit or user devices aren't at a sufficient level so that a normal meter display level can be reached. For a party-line circuit to function correctly the impedance (resistance to AC signals such as audio) must be approximately 200 ohms. Typically to achieve this depends on a single piece of equipment providing a single audio termination. This termination, 200 ohms nominally, is almost always made at the power supply source. But it's possible that another device, such as a second active power supply on the same party-line circuit, will cause a "double-termination" condition. This will result in a 100 ohm party-line circuit impedance and an audio level drop of about 6 dB. Removing the unwanted termination is the only valid means of correcting the problem.



In most cases this will be simple to solve. It's easily possible for the Model 45DR's local power source, which also provides 200 ohm termination networks for the two channels, to be accidentally enabled when the Model 45DR is connected to an externally-powered party-line circuit. This would be incorrect, leading to the "double-termination" condition. Turning off the Model 45DR's local power source by pressing and holding the auto null button is all that is required.

## Power Status LEDs

Two green LEDs are located on the front panel and are associated with operating power. The PoE LED indicator will light whenever an Ethernet connection with Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) capability is connected. The DC power LED will light whenever an external DC voltage has been applied. The acceptable range is 10 to 18 volts DC. If both power sources are present the PoE source will provide the Model 45DR's operating power.

## Party-Line Operating Mode Selection

As discussed previously in this guide, the Model 45DR provides two main operating modes. One mode is used when the Model 45DR is required to create a party-line circuit, providing 29 volts DC and 200 ohm termination impedances. In this mode user devices such as belt packs can be directly supported. When this mode is selected the local power status LED will be lit. The second mode allows the Model 45DR to be connected to an existing powered party-line intercom circuit. In this mode the local power status LED will not be lit. To select the desired operating

mode is simple, only requiring the audio null pushbutton switch to be pressed and held for two seconds. The mode will change and the local power LED will display accordingly. The button can then be released. The selected operating mode will be stored in non-volatile memory so that it will restore after a power-down/power-up cycle.

## Local Power Mode Operation

When the local power LED is lit the Model 45DR provides party-line power and 200 ohm termination impedances to create a 2-channel party-line circuit. The party-line interface supplies 29 volts DC on pin 2 of the 3-pin XLR connectors. A maximum current draw of 240 mA is available. This current is sufficient to power various intercom user devices such as small user stations and belt packs. A common broadcast application may use RTS BP325 belt packs. Select the connected devices so that their total maximum current doesn't exceed 240 mA. That's not always the easiest figure to calculate but a web search will generally find specifications for all commonly used devices. For example, a search finds that the original version of the BP325 consumes a maximum of 85 mA of current. According to this figure one or two of these units can be connected to a Model 45DR. Newer versions of the BP325 use surface-mount component technology and have a lower maximum current draw of 65 mA. Up to three of these "modern" BP325 units can easily be supported.

The active LED will light when a minimal amount of current is flowing from the Model 45DR to the connected user device or devices. This current, approximately 5 mA, provides a "circuit-active" signal to

the Model 45DR's software, indicating that normal operation is taking place. This helps to prevent unwanted audio signals from passing to and from the Dante audio channels when no party-line devices are connected.

The Model 45DR's party-line intercom power supply circuit operates under software control. This allows detection of fault conditions and protection of the Model 45DR's circuitry. Upon initial Model 45DR party-line intercom power up no monitoring of the intercom power output takes place for a few seconds. This allows the Model 45DR's circuitry and the connected intercom user devices to stabilize. The active LED, which monitors the DC voltage on pin 2 of the 3-pin XLR connectors, will light to indicate that the output is active. After this initial delay period monitoring becomes active. A fault condition is detected if the voltage on pin 2 falls below 24 for a continuous 1-second interval. The hardware and software responds to this condition by turning off the power source to pin 2 and flashing the active LED as a warning. After a 5-second "cool-down" interval the output returns to the same condition as upon initial power up. Power is again applied to pin 2, the active LED will light, and monitoring won't begin for another five seconds. A full short-circuit condition applied to the Model 45DR's party-line circuit will result in a continuous cycle of six seconds on (five seconds for start up and one second for detection) and five seconds off.

## External Party-Line Circuit Operation

When the local power LED is not lit the Model 45DR's party-line interface is intended to be connected to an external party-line

circuit. The external circuit must provide power and termination impedances to "create" the party-line, with the Model 45DR simply serving as a user device. When connected to an external party-line circuit the active LED will light when the voltage on pin 2 is equal to or greater than approximately 18. If this condition is present then normal Model 45DR operation will be able to take place.

## Auto Null

The Model 45DR contains circuitry to automatically null the hybrid networks associated with the two party-line interface channels. This procedure minimizes the mixing of the audio signals being received by and sent to the party-line circuit. Normally the nulling process is performed at the time of initial Model 45DR configuration but there's no reason why it can't be initiated any time one desires. The only time that auto null must be performed is if conditions have changed with the party-line user devices and wiring connected to a Model 45DR's party-line connectors. Even a small change to a party-line intercom circuit, such as adding or removing a section of cable, is often enough to require that the auto null process be performed.

A pushbutton switch is provided to activate the auto null process. To initiate auto null first requires that the active LED be lit. When the operating mode is set for local power the active LED will light when current is flowing from the internal power supply. When the local power LED is not lit the active LED must be lit, indicating that sufficient DC voltage is present on pin 2 of the connected party-line circuit. Once the active LED is lit initiating the auto null function only requires pressing and releasing

(“tapping”) the auto null button. The auto null process takes place on both channels at the same time. Two LEDs provide a visual indication of the auto null process, flashing when the auto null process for its respective channel is active. If the auto null button is pressed when the active LED is not lit the auto null process will not start. The auto null LEDs will quickly flash on and off a few times to indicate this condition.

An auto null sequence begins with the muting of the audio input and output signal paths associated with the Dante input and output channels. This is followed by a short period of 24 kHz signal that is sent to both channels of the party-line intercom interface. This will turn off microphones on those connected user devices that are compatible with the RTS TW-Series “mic kill” protocol. The actual auto nulling process is performed next. A series of tones will be sent to each of the party-line interface channels. Other Model 45DR circuitry, under software control, will rapidly perform adjustments to achieve the best null possible. After the adjustments have been made the results are stored in non-volatile memory. Once the process is complete the Dante audio input and output paths are again activated.

If possible, prior to performing an auto null it’s polite to warn all personnel who are actively using the connected party-line intercom devices. The tones sent to the party-line circuit during the nulling process are not excessively loud or obnoxious, but most users might want to remove their headsets during the process. In addition to warning users, it might be a good time to ask them to mute any active microphones. While the automatic “mic

kill” signal will apply to many user devices it may not apply to all. Muting microphones is significant as obtaining a “deep” null requires that no extraneous signals be present on the intercom circuit.

## USB Interface

A USB type A connector and associated status LED is located on the back panel of the Model 45DR. This data interface is used only for updating the unit’s firmware (embedded software). No audio data of any kind will pass through it. For details please refer to the Technical Notes section of this guide.

# Technical Notes

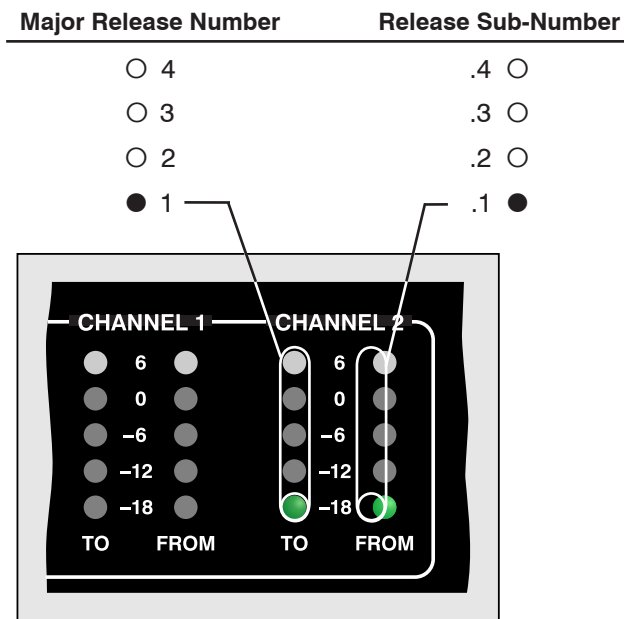
## 3-Position Header

An internal 3-position header connector allows support for an alternate cover. The cover, purchased as an option, has an Anton-Bauer QR-Gold battery bracket that is electrically wired in parallel with the 4-pin XLR DC input connector. The header, located on the Model 45DR’s printed circuit board, is Molex® part number 22-23-2031. It mates with Molex housing number 22-01-3037. To make the interconnection, separate crimp terminals are attached to three loose wires and then “snapped” into the housing. Molex part number 08-50-0114 specifies crimp terminals that are appropriate for 22 to 30 gauge wires. These terminals are available worldwide from sources such as Digi-Key ([www.digikey.com](http://www.digikey.com)).

## Software Version Display

As part of the Model 45DR’s power-up sequence the unit’s software version number is displayed. This is useful when

working with factory personnel on application support and troubleshooting situations. The five TO channel 2 LEDs are used to display the major release number with a range of 1 through 5. The five LEDs associated with FROM channel 2 are used to display the release sub-number which ranges from 1 through 5. Refer to Figure 3 for a detailed view of the LEDs and the corresponding software version numbering scheme. The Model 45DR's initial software release is version 1.1 which is represented by the bottom LED of each column being lit.



**Figure 3.** Detail of front panel showing the status LEDs that display the software version. In this example, the software version is 1.1.

## MCU Firmware Update Procedure

It's possible that updated versions of the firmware (embedded software) that runs the Model 45DR's microcontroller (MCU) integrated circuit will be released to add features or correct issues. (Contact Studio Technologies' technical support to review the available firmware.) The unit has the ability to automatically load revised files into the MCU's non-volatile memory by way of its USB interface. The Model 45DR implements a USB host function that directly supports connection of a USB flash drive. The Model 45DR's MCU updates using a file named **M45DR.bin**.

The update process begins by preparing a USB flash drive. The flash drive doesn't have to be empty (blank) but must be in the personal-computer-standard FAT32 format. Save the new firmware file in the root directory with a name of **M45DR.bin**. Studio Technologies will supply the MCU file inside a .zip archive file. While the firmware file inside of the zip file will adhere to the naming convention required by the Model 45DR, the name of the zip file itself will include the MCU file's version number. For example, a file named **M45DRv1r1MCU.zip** would indicate that version 1.1 of the firmware (**M45DR.bin**) is contained within this zip file. Two of the LED meters should be used to confirm that the correct firmware version has been successfully installed.

**To install the firmware file follow these steps:**

1. Remove power from the Model 45DR. This will entail removing the Ethernet connection if it is providing PoE power and/or removing the external source of 12 volts DC if that is being used.
2. Ensure that nothing is present in the USB port. Then again apply power to the unit and “read” the currently loaded firmware version during the power-up sequence using the channel 2 level meters. (Refer to the Software Version Display paragraph earlier in this section.) Note this for later reference.
3. Remove power from the Model 45DR.
4. Insert the prepared USB flash drive into the Model 45DR’s USB port, located on the back panel of the unit.
5. Apply power to the Model 45DR. Power can be provided by Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) associated with a connected Ethernet signal or can be from an external 12 volt DC source.
6. The Model 45DR will run a “boot loader” program that will immediately load the new MCU (**M45DR.bin**) file. This process takes only a few seconds. During this time period the LED located below the USB connector will flash slowly on and off green. Once the entire loading process is over, taking approximately 10 seconds, the Model 45DR will restart using the newly-loaded firmware.
7. At this time the Model 45DR is functioning with the newly-loaded firmware and the USB flash drive can be removed. But to be conservative, remove power first and then remove the USB flash drive.

8. Apply power to the Model 45DR and “read” the MCU’s firmware version number by observing the channel 2 level meters. Ensure that this is the desired version and that it’s different from that noted in step 2.

Note that upon power being applied to the Model 45DR if the USB flash drive doesn’t have the correct file (**M45DR.bin**) in the root folder no harm will occur. Upon power up the USB LED will flash on and off rapidly for a few seconds to indicate this condition and then normal operation using the unit’s existing firmware will begin.

## Ultimo Firmware Update

As previously discussed in this guide, the Model 45DR implements Dante connectivity using the Ultimo integrated circuit from Audinate. This 2-input/2-output device can be updated by way of the Model 45DR’s Ethernet connection. As of the date of writing this guide it’s not evident as to whether or not newer firmware will ever need to be loaded. If so, it will be provided by Studio Technologies.



# Specifications

## Power Sources:

**Power-over-Ethernet (PoE):** class 3 (medium power) per IEEE 802.3af

**External:** 10 to 18 volts DC, 1.0 amp max @ 12 volts DC

## Network Audio Technology:

**Type:** Dante Audio-over-Ethernet

**Bit Depth:** up to 24

**Sample Rate:** 48 kHz

**Number of Output (Transmitter) Channels:** 2

**Number of Input (Receiver) Channels:** 2

## Network Interface:

**Type:** twisted-pair Ethernet, Power-over-Ethernet (PoE) supported

**Data Rate:** 100 Mb/s (10 Mb/s Ethernet not supported)

## General Audio:

**Frequency Response (PL to Dante):** -0.3 dB @ 100 Hz (-4.8 dB @ 20 Hz), -2 dB @ 8 kHz (-2.6 dB @ 10 kHz)

**Frequency Response (Dante to PL):** -3.3 dB @ 100 Hz (-19 dB @ 20 Hz), -3.9 dB @ 8 kHz (-5.8 dB @ 10 kHz)

**Distortion (THD+N):** <0.15%, measured at 1 kHz, Dante input to PL interface pin 2 (0.01% pin 3)

**Signal-to-Noise Ratio:** >65 dB, A-weighted, measured at 1 kHz, Dante input to PL interface pin 2 (73 dB, PL interface pin 3)

## Party-Line (PL) Intercom Interface:

**Type:** 2-channel analog PL, unbalanced (pin 1 common; pin 2 DC with channel 1 audio; pin 3 channel 2 audio)

**Compatibility:** 2-channel PL intercom systems such as those offered by RTS®

**Power Source:** 29 volts DC, 240 mA maximum

**Impedance – Local PL Power Not Enabled:** >10 k ohms

**Impedance – Local PL Power Enabled:** 200 ohms

**Analog Audio Level:** -10 dBu, nominal, +3 dBu maximum, PL interface pin 2 (+7 dBu, PL interface pin 3)

**“Call Light” Signal:** 20 kHz, ±1%, square wave

**“Mic Kill” Signal:** 24 kHz, ±1%, square wave

## Party-Line (PL) Hybrids: 2

**Topology:** 3-section analog circuitry compensates for resistive, inductive, and capacitive loads

**Nulling Method:** automatic upon user initiation, processor implements digital control of analog circuitry; settings stored in non-volatile memory

**Nulling Line Impedance Range:** 120 to 350 ohms

**Nulling Cable Length Range:** 0 to 3500 feet

**Trans-Hybrid Loss:** >50 dB, typical at 800 Hz, PL interface pin 2 (>55 dB, PL interface pin 3)

## Meters: 4

**Function:** displays level of audio input and output channels

**Type:** 5-segment LED, modified VU ballistics

## Connectors:

**Party-Line (PL) Intercom:** 3-pin male and female XLR

**Ethernet:** Neutrik etherCON RJ45

**External DC:** 4-pin male XLR

**USB:** type A receptacle

## Dimensions – Overall:

8.7 inches wide (22.1 cm)

1.72 inches high (4.4 cm)

8.3 inches deep (21.1 cm)

**Mounting Options:** single- or dual-unit rack-mount front panels; uses one space (1U) in a standard 19-inch rack

**Weight:** 1.7 pounds (0.77 kg); rack-mount front panels add 0.2 pounds (0.09 kg)

Specifications and information contained in this User Guide subject to change without notice.