

#### **Features**

- 2-Way, full-range loudspeaker for voice and music applications
- Vertical coverage pattern adjustable to fit the audience area
- Integral signal processing and amplification
- Built-in electronic driver protection
- Wall Mounting hardware included

## **Description**

The DSA250 is a unique, column-type loudspeaker for full-range FGM (foreground music) and voice applications. It also functions with additional DSA Series loudspeakers to provide increased performance. For example, a DSA250 used with the DSA230 extends directivity to and increases the output at lower frequencies.

The DSA250 has the remarkable versatility of a user-adjustable, vertical beamwidth. This is made possible because each transducer has its own DSP (digital signal processing) and power amplifier. Built-in networking provides for remote PC operation and control. Intended to be flat-mounted to a wall, the user directs the DSA250's output from this position to the desired coverage area using the supplied DSAPilot software. Pattern asymmetry provides similar sound levels to both near and far listeners. Each of the two inputs has user-adjustable EQ, delay, and compression.

DSA loudspeakers are engineered as a solution for applications with difficult acoustics, physical mounting limitations, precise vertical coverage requirements, and difficult aesthetic requirements. They can replace typical horn/woofer or column-type loudspeakers in small to medium venues. These include houses of worship, auditoriums, theaters, concert halls, conference rooms, transportation centers, athletic facilities, classrooms, museums, shopping malls, and theme parks. The enclosure profile and appearance reduces architectural impact.

## 2-WAY FULL-RANGE DIGITALLY STEERABLE ARRAY

### CONFIGURATION

Subsystem

	Transducer	Loading	
LF	8x 4 in cone	Direct radiating	
HF	8x 1 in dome	Horn loaded	
-l -			_

Digitally variable

**Operating Mode** 

Ampimer Chamileis	External Signal Proc.	
16x high efficiency	None	
RFORMANCE		
78 Hz to15 kHz		
Horz	120°	
	16x high efficiency RFORMANCE 78 Hz to15 kHz	16x high efficiency None  RFORMANCE 78 Hz to15 kHz

## **ELECTRONIC PERFORMANCE**

Vert

**Analog** 

Amplifier Output (ea)	28.3 V	50 W @ 16 ohm
Input (Audio A and B)		
Configuration	Balanced differential	
Nominal Sensitivity	0.9 V / 1.25 dBu	For full output
Maximum Signal	12.2 V / 24 dBu	

Digital

A to D/D to A 48 kHz, 24 bit

Input Routing A + B, A or B, priority B over A

Processor 32 bit dual SHARC (Super Harvard Architecture Computer)

Propagation Time 4.3 ms **INPUT SIGNAL PROCESSING** 

#### **Filters**

	Frequency	Boost/Cut	Q
Parametric	10 to 24000 Hz	+15/-15 dB	0.25 to 64
6 or 12 dB Lo Shelf	10 to 24000 Hz	+15/-15 dB	
6 or 12 dB Hi Shelf	10 to 24000 Hz	+15/-15 dB	
HPF and LPF	10 to 24000 Hz	12/18/24 dB/oct	L-R, BW, Bessel

# Compression

	Threshold	-40 to +24 dBu
	Ratio	1.2:1 to inf:1
	Attack (ms)	slow (64)/med (16)/fast (2)
	Release (ms)	slow (256)/med (64)/fast (8)
Gain		-60 dB to +10 dB
Mute		on/off

Widte		011/011		
Signal Delay		300 ms maximum		
Meters				
	Input	-40 to +20 dBu		

Output -30 to 0 dB ref 0 dB = full output Gain Reduction 0 dB to -60 dB (compression) CONNECTIONS

# **Computer Network**

Standard EIA-485

Ontional	CobraNet (requires EAW CM-1 Interface Card accessory)
Optional	Obbiaiver (requires EAV OW-1 interface dara accessory)

#### **AC Mains**

	Voltage / Frequency	Maximum Current	
DSA250 (115 V)	100 to 120 V / 50 to 60 Hz	8 A	
DSA250 (230 V)	220 to 240 V / 50 to 60 Hz	4 A	

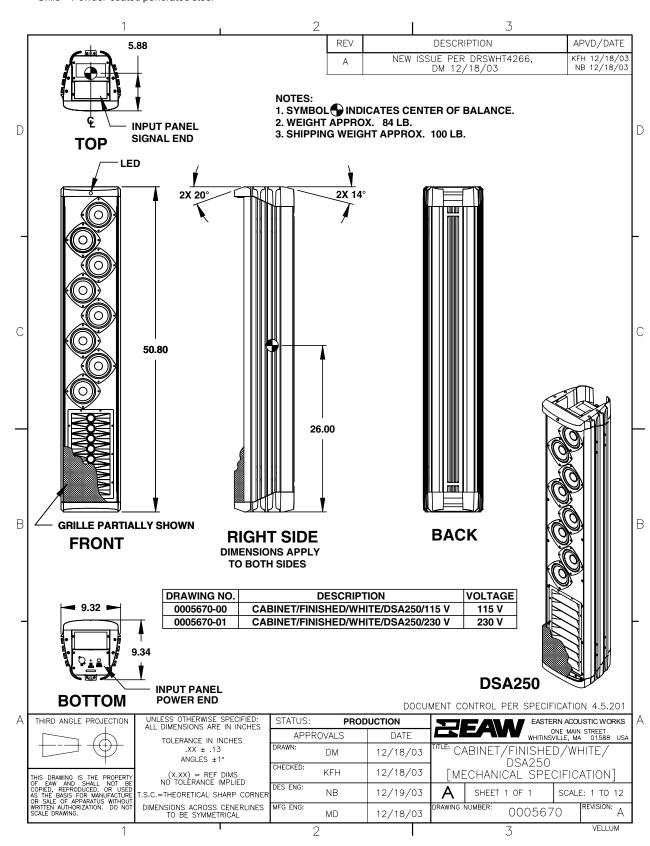
# **ORDERING DATA**

0.12	
Description	Part Number
DSA250 White 115 V	0005480-00
Optional Accessories	
CM-1 CobraNet Interface Card	0005987
DSA Fly-Bar Kit	0007445
DSA Enclosure Connecting Kit	0007446



# **ENCLOSURE**

Material Rear: extruded aluminum, Front baffle: PVC
Finish Powder-coated white
Grille Powder-coated perforated steel



NOTE: This drawing has been reduced. Do not scale.

PERFORMANCE DATA See NOTES GRAPHIC DATA Notes for details

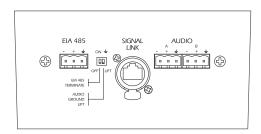
The DSA250's acoustical performance varies with the steering and beamwidth settings as well as whether it is used singly or in clusters with other DSA loudspeakers. Thus, it is not possible to characterize its acoustic performance with the normal, single graphs.

For representative Performance Data, see the included: "DSA Series Performance Matrix".

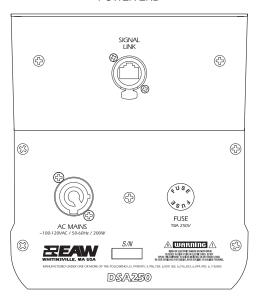
## **INPUT PANEL**

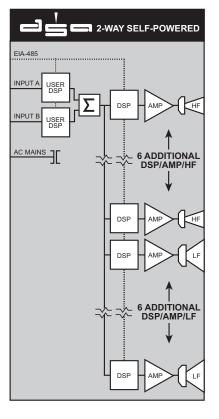
## SIGNAL DIAGRAM

#### SIGNAL END



#### **POWER END**





### **LEGEND**

Digital Signal Processing for EQ, limiting, and delay. LF/MF/HF: Low Frequency / Mid Frequency / High Frequency.

PWR AMP: Power Amplifier Summing Amplifier

## **NOTES**

#### TABULAR DATA

- 1. Primary Measurement/Data Processing System: FChart: proprietary EAW software.
- 2. Secondary Measurement System: Brüel & Kjær 2012.
- 3. Microphone Systems: Earthworks M30; Brüel & Kjær 4133
- 4. Measurements: Dual channel FFT; length: 32 768 samples; sample rate: 48 kHz; logarithmic sine wave sweep.
- 5. Measurement System Qualification (includes all uncertainties): SPL: accuracy +/-0.2 dB @ 1 kHz, precision +/-0.5 dB 20 Hz to 20 kHz, resolution 0.05 dB; Frequency: accuracy +/-1 %, precision +/-0.1 Hz, resolution the larger of 1.5 Hz or 1/48 octave; Time: accuracy +/-10.4 µs, precision +/-0.5 µs, resolution 10.4 µs; Angular: accuracy +/-1°, precision +/-0.5°, resolution 0.5°
- 6. Environment: Measurements time-windowed and processed to eliminate room effects, approximating an anechoic environment. Data processed as anechoic or fractional space, as noted.
- 7. Measurement Distance: 7.6 to 8.0 m. Data is referenced to other distances using the Inverse Square Law.
- 8. Volts: Measured rms value of the test signal.
- 9. Watts: Per audio industry practice, "loudspeaker watts" are calculated as voltage squared divided by rated nominal impedance. Thus, these are not True Watt units of energy as defined by International Standard.
- 10. SPL: (Sound Pressure Level) Equivalent to the average level of a signal referenced to 0 dB SPL = 20 microPascals.
- 11. Subsystem: This lists the transducer(s) and their acoustic loading for each passband. Sub = Subwoofer, LF = Low Frequency, MF = Mid Frequency, HF = High Frequency
- 12. Operating Mode: User selectable configurations. Between system elements, a comma (,) = separate amplifier channels; a slash (/) = single amplifier channel. DSP = Digital Signal Processor. IMPORTANT: To achieve the specified performance, the listed external signal processing must be used with EAW-provided settings.
- 13. Operating Range: Range where the processed Frequency Response stays within -10 dB SPL of the power averaged SPL within this range; measured on the geometric axis. Narrow band dins are excepted
- 14. Nominal Beamwidth: Design angle for the -6 dB SPL points, referenced to 0 dB SPL as the highest level.
- 15. Axial Sensitivity: Power averaged SPL over the Operating Range with an input voltage that would produce 1 W at the nominal impedance; measured with no external processing on the geometric axis, referenced to 1 m.
- 16. Peak Sensitivity: Highest axial SPL measured within the 20 Hz to 20 kHz bandpass with an input voltage that would produce 1 W at the nominal impedance; measured with no external processing on the geometric axis, referenced to 1 m.
- 17. Nominal Impedance: Selected 4, 8, or 16 ohm resistance such that the minimum impedance point is no more than 20% below this resistance over the Operating Range.
- 18. Accelerated Life Test: Maximum test input voltage applied with an EIA-426B defined spectrum; measured with recommended signal processing and Recommended Protection Filter.
- 19. Calculated Axial Output Limit: Highest average and peak SPLs possible during the Accelerated Life Test. The Peak SPL represents the 2:1 (6 dB) crest factor of the Life Test signal.
- 20. Recommended High Pass Filter: This should be used to help protect the loudspeaker from excessive input signal levels below the Operating Range.

#### **GRAPHIC DATA**

- 1. Resolution: To remove insignificant fine details, 1/12 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to acoustic frequency response and 1/3 octave cepstral smoothing was applied to the beamwidth and impedance data. Other graphs are plotted using raw data.
- 2. Frequency Responses: The variation in acoustic output level with frequency for a constant input signal of 2 volts (4 ohm nominal impedance), 2.83 volts (8 ohm nominal impedance), or 4 volts (16 ohm nominal impedance) referenced to a distance of 1 m. For processed systems, this applies where the processor gain is 0 dB in the Processor Frequency Response graph. 3. Processor Response: The variation in output level with frequency for a constant input signal of 0.775 V = 0 dB reference
- 4. Beamwidth: Average angle for each 1/3 octave frequency band where, starting from the rear of the loudspeaker, the output first reaches -6 dB SPL referenced to 0 dB SPL as the highest level. This method means the output may drop below -6 dB SPL within the beamwidth angle. Referenced to 20 m.
- 5. Impedance: Variation in impedance magnitude, in ohms, with frequency without regard to voltage/current phase. This means the impedance values may not be used to calculate True Watts (see 9 above).



# **DSA SERIES PERFORMANCE MATRIX**

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Cluster	DSA230	DSA250	DSA230 / DSA250	DSA230/DSA230/DSA250
Height (in/mm)	36.5/927	50.8/1290	87.6/2224	124.3/3158
Width (in/mm)	9.3/237	9.3/237	9.3/237	9.3/237
Depth (in/mm)	9.3/237	9.3/237	9.3/237	9.3/237
Weight (in/mm)	62/28.1	84/38.1	146/66.2	208/94.3
Nominal Horizontal Beamwidth	120	120	120	120
Beamwidth Range	800 Hz to 4.5 kHz	800 Hz to 10 kHz	800 Hz to 10 kHz	800 Hz to 10 kHz
	20° NOMINAL	VERTICAL BEAMWI	DTH	
Beamwidth Range	1 kHz to 8 kHz	1 kHz to 15 kHz	400 Hz to 15 kHz	270 Hz to 15 kHz
Frequency Range (+/- 3 dB tolerance)	90 Hz to 6.5 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz
Operating Range (-10 dB frequencies)	78 Hz to 10 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz
SPL Limit (avg)	116.0	117.2	123.4	126.5
SPL Limit (peak)	122.0	123.2	129.4	132.5
	40° NOMINAL	VERTICAL BEAMWI	DTH	
Beamwidth Range	500 Hz to 10 kHz	500 Hz to 15 kHz	200 Hz to 15 kHz	130 Hz to 15 kHz
Frequency Range (+/- 3 dB tolerance)	90 Hz to 6.5 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz
Operating Range (-10 dB frequencies)	78 Hz to 10 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz
SPL Limit (avg)	115.6	116.2	121.7	124.1
SPL Limit (peak)	121.6	122.2	127.7	130.1
	60° NOMINAL	VERTICAL BEAMWI	DTH	
Beamwidth Range	300 Hz to 10 kHz	300 Hz to 15 kHz	135 Hz to 10 kHz	90 Hz to 10 kHz
Frequency Range (+/- 3 dB tolerance)	90 Hz to 8.2 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz
Operating Range (-10 dB frequencies)	78 Hz to 10 kHz	78 Hz 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz
SPL Limit (avg)	114.2	115.5	119.9	120.8
SPL Limit (peak)	120.2	121.1	125.9	126.8
	80° NOMINAL	VERTICAL BEAMWI	DTH	
Beamwidth Range	225 Hz to 5.5 kHz	225 Hz to 10 kHz	110 Hz to 10 kHz	80 Hz to 10 kHz
Frequency Range (+/- 3 dB tolerance)	90 Hz to 8.2 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz	90 Hz to 13 kHz
Operating Range (-10 dB frequencies)	78 Hz to 10 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz	78 Hz to 15 kHz
SPL Limit (avg)	113.1	114.1	118.3	119.7
SPL Limit (peak)	119.1	120.1	124.3	125.7

## NOTES

- 1. Beamwidth and Frequency data is referenced to 20 m on axis, including air losses; steering at 0 degrees.
- 2. Beamwith Range is where the pattern widens to more than 1.5 times nominal below the low frequency and narrows to less than 0.67 times nominal above the high frequency.
- 3. Avg SPL Limits are referenced to 1 m at an output equivalent to 0.5 times rated amplifier power at nominal impedance.
- 4. Peak SPL Limits are reference to 1 m at an output equivalent to maximum peak amplifier power at nominal impedance.



# DSA250 1/3 OCTAVE POLAR RESPONSES: 40° Vertical Beamwidth

